Revision Date 12/12/2012

Revision 5

Supersedes date 12/12/2012



# SAFETY DATA SHEET SUPERCOTE ENAMEL LEAD BASED

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

## 1.1. Product identifier

Product name SUPERCOTE ENAMEL LEAD BASED

Product No. 370LB

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Paint.

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Witham Group

Stanley Road Oulton Broad Lowestoft Suffolk NR33 9ND Tel: 01502 563434 Fax: 01502 500010

Fax: 01502 500010

enquiries@withamgroup.co.uk

Manufacturer Witham Group

Stanley Road Oulton Broad Lowestoft Suffolk NR33 9ND Tel: 01502 563434

Tel: 01502 563434 Fax: 01502 500010

enquiries@withamgroup.co.uk

# 1.4. Emergency telephone number

(01502) 563434 Monday to Friday 8.00am to 5.00pm

# **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical and Chemical Hazards Flam. Liq. 3 - H226

Human health EUH066; Carc. 1B - H350; Repr. 1A - H360Df; STOT RE 2 - H373

Environment Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

Classification (1999/45/EEC) Carc. Cat. 2;R45, Repr. Cat. 1;R61. Repr. Cat. 3;R62. N;R51/53. R10, R33, R66.

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

# 2.2. Label elements

Contains C.I.PIGMENT RED 104 (C.I. 77605)

C.I.PIGMENT YELLOW 34 (C.I. 77603)

Label In Accordance With (EC) No. 1272/2008



Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H350 May cause cancer.

H360Df May damage the unborn child and suspected of damaging fertility. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary Statements** 

P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P280

P281 Use personal protective equipment as required. P308+313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to ...

Supplementary Precautionary Statements

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/.../equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P303+361+353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P370+378 In case of fire: Use ... for extinction.

P391 Collect spillage.

P403+235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

Supplemental label information

**EUH066** Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

**EUH208** Contains COBALT CARBOXYLATE, LIMONENE. May produce an allergic

reaction.

RCH002 Restricted to professional users.

# 2.3. Other hazards

#### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

## 3.2. Mixtures

C.I.PIGMENT RED 104 (C.I. 77605) 10-30%

CAS-No.: 12656-85-8 EC No.: 235-759-9

Classification (EC 1272/2008) Classification (67/548/EEC)

Carc. 1B - H350 Carc. Cat. 2:R45 Repr. 1A - H360Df Repr. Cat. 1:R61 STOT RE 2 - H373 Repr. Cat. 3;R62

Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 **R33** Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410 N;R50/53

C.I.PIGMENT YELLOW 34 (C.I. 77603) 1-5%

CAS-No.: 1344-37-2 EC No.: 215-693-7

Classification (EC 1272/2008) Classification (67/548/EEC)

Carc. 1B - H350 Carc. Cat. 2:R45 Repr. 1A - H360Df Repr. Cat. 1;R61 STOT RE 2 - H373 Repr. Cat. 3;R62

Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 R33 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410 N;R50/53

Classification (EC 1272/2008) Classification (67/548/EEC)

Not classified.

Xn;R22.

Xi;R38.

N;R51/53. R43.

LIMONENE < 1%

CAS-No.: 138-86-3 EC No.: 205-341-0

Classification (EC 1272/2008) Classification (67/548/EEC)

Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 R10
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 R43
Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Xi;R38
Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 N;R50/53
Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410

NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDRODESULFURIZED HEAVY; LOW BOILING POINT HYD

30-60%

CAS-No.: 64742-82-1 EC No.: 265-185-4

Classification (EC 1272/2008) Classification (67/548/EEC)

Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Xn;R65.
EUH066 N;R51/53.
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 R10,R66.
Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT AROM.; LOW BOILING POINT NAPHTHA < 1%

CAS-No.: 64742-95-6 EC No.: 265-199-0

Classification (EC 1272/2008) Classification (67/548/EEC)

Not classified. Xn;R65. N;R51/53. R66,R67,R10.

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

## **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

Keep the affected person warm and at rest. Get prompt medical attention. Do not give victim anything to drink if they are unconscious.

Move the exposed person to fresh air at once. Keep the affected person warm and at rest. Get prompt medical attention. If breathing stops, provide artificial respiration. Place unconscious person on the side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Indestion

NEVER MAKE AN UNCONSCIOUS PERSON VOMIT OR DRINK FLUIDS! DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately. Provide rest, warmth and fresh air.

Skin contac

Remove affected person from source of contamination. Promptly wash contaminated skin with soap or mild detergent and water. Promptly remove clothing if soaked through and wash as above. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Eye contact

Make sure to remove any contact lenses from the eyes before rinsing. Immediately flush with plenty of water or eyewash solution for up to 10 minutes. Get medical attention immediately. Continue to rinse.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information

The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependant of the concentration and the length of exposure. Lead is accumulated in the body and may cause damage to the brain and nervous system after prolonged exposure.

Inhalation

Vapours may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.

Ingestion

May cause discomfort if swallowed.

Skin contact

Prolonged contact may cause redness, irritation and dry skin.

Eye contact

Extreme irritation of eyes and mucous membranes, including burning and tearing.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No recommendation given, but first aid may still be required in case of accidental exposure, inhalation or ingestion of this chemical. If in doubt, GET MEDICAL ATTENTION PROMPTLY!

#### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media

Fire can be extinguished using: Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire, toxic gases (CO, CO2, NOx) may be formed.

Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazards

May explode in a fire. May travel considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back.

Specific hazards

In case of fire, toxic gases may be formed (COx, NOx).

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special Fire Fighting Procedures

Keep run-off water out of sewers and water sources. Dike for water control. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Move container from fire area if it can be done without risk. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities. Protective equipment for fire-fighters

Self contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

# **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Extinguish all ignition sources. Avoid sparks, flames, heat and smoking. Ventilate. Keep combustibles away from spilled material. Provide ventilation and confine spill. Do not allow runoff to sewer. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Inform Authorities if large amounts are involved. Absorb with inert, damp, non-combustible material, then flush area with water.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see section 8.

#### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

# 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid spilling, skin and eye contact. Ventilate well, avoid breathing vapours. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above accepted level. Wear full protective clothing for prolonged exposure and/or high concentrations. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground to sources of ignition. The product is flammable, and heating may generate vapours which may form explosive vapour/air mixtures. Use engineering controls to reduce air contamination to permissible exposure level. Use explosion proof electric equipment.

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in tightly closed original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store in closed original container at temperatures between 5°C and 25°C. Store away from: Acids. Oxidising material. Alkalis. Storage Class

Chemical storage.

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

Usage Description

Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Rags and the like, moistened with flammable liquids, must be discarded into designated fireproof bucket.

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Name	STD	TWA - 8 Hrs		STEL - 15 Min		Notes
NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM),	WEL		350 mg/m3			
HYDRODESULFURIZED HEAVY; LOW BOILING						
POINT HYD						

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

Ingredient Comments

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits

## 8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment





Process conditions

Provide eyewash station.

Engineering measures

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.

Respiratory equipment

No specific recommendation made, but respiratory protection must be used if the general level exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit. If ventilation is insufficient, suitable respiratory protection must be provided.

Hand protection

Use suitable protective gloves if risk of skin contact. Use protective gloves made of: Nitrile.

Eye protection

Wear approved chemical safety goggles where eye exposure is reasonably probable.

Hygiene measures

Wash hands at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes wet or contaminated. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. DO NOT SMOKE IN WORK AREA! Use appropriate hand lotion to prevent defatting and cracking of skin.

Skin protection

Wear apron or protective clothing in case of splashes.

# **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Coloured liquid.

Odour ALIPHATIC HYDROCARBON

Solubility Immiscible with water
Initial boiling point and boiling range 132@ 760 mm Hg

Relative density 1.14 20 Vapour density (air=1) >1.0

Vapour pressure 3.5 mm Hg 20 Viscosity 3.6 Ps 20

Flash point >32 Sh CC (Setaflash closed cup).

Flammability Limit - Lower(%) 0.9

## 9.2. Other information

Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) 452 g/litre

## **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

## 10.1. Reactivity

# 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal temperature conditions and recommended use.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not known.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition.

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials To Avoid

Strong oxidising substances. Acids - organic. Strong alkalis.

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In case of fire, toxic gases (CO, CO2, NOx) may be formed.

## **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### Toxicological information

Lead is accumulated in the body and may cause damage to the brain and nervous system after prolonged exposure.

#### Inhalation

Harmful by inhalation. Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. Vapours may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.

#### Ingestion

Harmful if swallowed. Harmful: possible risk of irreversible effects if swallowed.

#### Skin contact

Product has a defatting effect on skin. Prolonged contact may cause redness, irritation and dry skin.

#### Eve contact

Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes.

#### Health Warnings

Swallowing concentrated chemical may cause severe internal injury.

## Medical Symptoms

Upper respiratory irritation. Nausea, vomiting. Allergic rash.

**Medical Considerations** 

Skin disorders and allergies.

## **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# **Ecotoxicity**

Dangerous for the environment: May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

## 12.1. Toxicity

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Degradability

The product is biodegradable.

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility:

The product is insoluble in water and will spread on the water surface.

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

# 12.6. Other adverse effects

# **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

General information

Waste to be treated as controlled waste. Disposal to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with local Waste Disposal Authority.

## 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements. Absorb in vermiculite or dry sand and dispose of at a licenced hazardous waste collection point.

#### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

# 14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID/ADN) 1263 UN No. (IMDG) 1263 UN No. (ICAO) 1263

# 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name PAINT

# 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID/ADN Class 3

ADR/RID/ADN Class Class 3: Flammable liquids.

ADR Label No. 3
IMDG Class 3
ICAO Class/Division 3

Transport Labels



# 14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID/ADN Packing group III
IMDG Packing group III
ICAO Packing group III

## 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally Hazardous Substance/Marine Pollutant



# 14.6. Special precautions for user

EMS F-E, S-E

Emergency Action Code 3Y
Hazard No. (ADR) 30

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable.

#### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### **EU** Legislation

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC, including amendments.

## 15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

#### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

**Revision Comments** 

NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision.

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Revision 5

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Risk Phrases In Full

R33 Danger of cumulative effects.

R10 Flammable.

R22 Harmful if swallowed.

R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R38 Irritating to skin.
R45 May cause cancer.

R61 May cause harm to the unborn child.
R43 May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

R62 Possible risk of impaired fertility.

R66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

R50/53 Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Hazard Statements In Full

H315 Causes skin irritation.H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H350 May cause cancer.

H373 May cause damage to organs << Organs>> through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H360Df May damage the unborn child and suspected of damaging fertility.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

#### Disclaimer

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.